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APPLICATION NO.	F	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/519,617	9,617 12/23/2004		Brian Essex La Trobe	04634/0202284-US0 9275	
7278	7590	03/15/2006		EXAM	INER
DARBY &	DARBY	P.C.	HUYNH, KHOA D		
P. O. BOX 5257 NEW YORK, NY 10150-5257				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
11211 1014	.,			3751	

DATE MAILED: 03/15/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		97	
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/519,617	LA TROBE, BRIAN ESSEX	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Khoa D. Huynh	3751	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statul Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 L 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under 	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the	er. cepted or b) objected to by the led drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in the contract of the contract	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 11 does not recite structural limitations defining the claimed subject matter but only refer to the drawings. Since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired, such claim is, therefore, indefinite.

3. Claim 10 recites the limitation "the components". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Furthermore, it is unclear and ambiguous what structural limitations applicant refers to when claim 10 calls for "the components as defined in claim 1".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

5. Claims 1-4 and 9-11, as presently understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hachima (5276924).

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Regarding claim 1, the Hachima reference discloses an aerobic digestion toilet (Fig. 8). The toilet includes a chamber (constitute by the lower portion of element 109 and space formed by elements 111 & 119), a toilet bowl (constitute by the upper portion of element 109) above the chamber having an outlet vent (125) and means for generating convection flow (about 124) through the chamber from adjacent the floor thereof through the outlet vent from the chamber. The toilet also includes a conveyor (112) is located below the toilet bowl and configured to receive material falling from the toilet bowl and move it upwardly at an incline to discharge onto a downwardly inclined tray (115,118).

Regarding claim 2, as schematically shown in Figure 8, the tray (115,118) is inclined at different angles along its length being at a steeper angle (portion 115 is being at a steeper angle) adjacent the conveyor (112) than the remainder of the tray (portion 118) remote from the conveyor.

Regarding claim 3, as schematically shown in Figure 8, the tray end remote from the conveyor (112) feeds into a solids receptacle (117) which is removably located in the chamber.

Regarding claim 4, the conveyor (112) is a belt conveyor.

Regarding claim 9, the Hachima reference also discloses a closure plate (110) and a toilet seat (102). The toilet, even though not shown, is inherently included a linkage mechanism which provides the connection from the closure plate (110) to the toilet seat (102) so that when the closure plate (15) is move to

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an open position when the toilet seat (22) is depressed or closed (col. 7, lines 20-30).

Regarding claim 10, the Hachima reference discloses an aerobic digestion toilet (Fig. 8). The toilet includes a conveyor (112) and drive assembly (constitute by the associated components that drive the conveyor), a discharge tray (115,118), and a mounting frame (constitute by the support structures for the conveyor and its drive assembly).

Claim 11 is also rejected assuming it recites limitations that are similar to claim 1 which has been rejected as discussed supra.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

6. Claims 1, 4 and 5, as presently understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Colombot (6601243).

Regarding claim 1, the Colombot reference discloses an aerobic digestion toilet (Fig. 1). The toilet includes a chamber (28,29), a toilet bowl (Fig. 1) above the chamber having an outlet vent (24) and means for generating convection flow (about 23) through the chamber from adjacent the floor thereof through the outlet vent from the chamber. The toilet also includes a conveyor (Fig. 2) is located below the toilet bowl and configured to receive material falling from the toilet bowl and move it upwardly at an incline to discharge onto a downwardly inclined tray (Fig. 4).

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Regarding claims 4 and 5, the Colombot reference also discloses that the conveyor (Figs. 2 & 3) is a belt conveyor, and the belt is a sprocket belt (32) having side (14) and lower end plates (10 or 16).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hachima (as discussed supra).

The Hachima reference also discloses that the conveyor (112) is provided with a mechanical drive (121). The Hachima reference DIFFERS in that it does not specifically disclose that the mechanical drive is a stepwise mechanical drive as claimed. It, however, would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the Hachima reference by employing a stepwise mechanical drive for the conveyor. Such modification would be considered a mere substitution of one functionally equivalent mechanical drive for another within the aerobic digestion toilet art that would work equally well on the Hachima device.

9. Claims 6-8, as presently understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Colombot (as discussed supra).

Regarding claim 6, the Colombot reference also discloses that the conveyor (112) is moved with any suitable transmission well known in the art (col. 3, lines 58-60). The Colombot reference DIFFERS in that it does not specifically include a stepwise mechanical drive as claimed. It, however, would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the Colombot reference by employing a stepwise (or ratchet) mechanical drive for the conveyor. Such modification would be considered a mere choice of a preferred mechanical drive for a conveyor on the basis of its suitability for the intended use.

Regarding claims 7 and 8, the drive also includes a lever (constitute by the rod-like portion of element 13) which operates the stepwise (or ratchet) mechanical drive driving the sprocket engaging an conveyor belt roller (33), wherein the lever is linked, via the user, to the tiltable toilet bowl cover (2). The lever also connects to a handle (abut 13).

Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Khoa D. Huynh whose telephone number is (571) 272-4888. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:00-3:30).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Justine Yu can be reached on (571) 272-4835. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Khoa D. Huynh Primary Examiner Art Unit 3751

HK 03/09/2006